Next-Generation Food Authentication Analysis Technology

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Food Sure Summit – May 23rd 2017 - Amsterdam











@YWeesepoel

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- **Wageningen**, Nederland
- & wageningenur.nl/en/Persons/Yan...
- Joined June 2014

10 Photos and videos





Pinned Tweet Yannick Weesepoel @YWeesepoel · Feb 10 KvW over Saffraan! keuringsdienstvanwaarde.kro.nl/seizoenen/2017... @Pathh1



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Trends · Change

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Food Authenticity & Analysis



Market transition





Source: Citizen Science Innovation Initiative 4

Trends in Food Analysis

The RIKILT method to detect toxins in seafood

Toxins in seafood are harmful to human health. Therefore, it is of utmost importance to detect them. Current methods to test toxins in seafood cost hundreds of thousands of mice annually worldwide. In the Netherlands, we do not use mice, but an analytical method, although it cannot detect all toxins yet. Therefore, as an alternative, RIKILT uses a cell based effect assay. This test is inexpensive, efficient, animal friendly, and offers the consumer, ultimately. more safety.



Toxins produced by algae sometimes end up in fish and shellfish.







Smartphone sensors – Expected very soon





In Today's Talk



Past - Case Study: Chicken fillets

Macro component: Moisture/Protein Micro component: Chilled vs. Thawed



Increase in animal welfare awareness





Reallife

Day-to-day Temp.

Ref. Material?

Stray

lighť

Day-to-day equipment



Sensor position

Day-to-day

light

Human

factor

Floc variation Slaughter House Packaging Transportation

1.200

Sample plan





How to 'teach' your scanner

Representative sample set

Statistic/Chemometric transformation and algorithm

Database maintenance



Spectroscopic data is relatively chaotic



Machine learning: e.g. Support vector machine





Moisture-Protein ratio by machine learning



Predicted as: Chilled



Thawed

Lessons learned from the fillet case

Moisture and protein regression promising

■ 95% correct prediction of chilled products and 80% for thawed products → In the lab!

Transferability outside lab?
How do you cover all chicken meat in the world?
Relatively expensive scanners for an authenticity problem

 \rightarrow NIR has limitations! Realistic expectations

Present: Consumer spectroscopics



Smartphone

Spectroscopic analysis



Short-wavelength near infrared (SW-NIR) 750-1059 nm



Modelling

Classification

To which of the defined classes does the sample belong?

Estimation

What is the concentration of x in the sample?



Powders: Adulteration of ground nutmeg







Pilot: Approximately 30% adulteration detectable ²⁰

Frozen produce: Fish Glaze



Pilot: Accuracy approximately 3%



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Liquids: Distilled spirits





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Fruits: Sensing of firmness





Sensing of Fruits





What happens when consumers start using the models?



PhD



Mom





Gf(!) - Dad



Phd



Student



Me

- What about...
 - Toxins, allergens, pesticides, ...
 - Shelf life of products
- Universal device'?



Future: Sensor fusion



"Portable photonic miniaturised smart system for on-the-spot food quality sensing"





This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement no. 732541

Sensor combination & data fusion for a more universal food scanner



Future: FoodSmartphone







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α-rbST IGF-1 100 IGF-1 250

IGF-1 250

a-rbST

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GF-1 250

IGF-1 250

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a-rbST

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Immunoassay *microarray* on your smartphone (2015) for biomarkers!







This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Sklodowska-Curie grant agreement No 720325



FoodSmartphone objectives

- Smartphone-based (bio)analytical screening tools
- User-friendly, rapid, integrated sample prep.
- Image data handling, communication, apps
- On-site demonstrators: pesticides, allergens, mycotoxins, food spoilage, food spoilage, marine toxins









On-going initiatives on enabling citizen science





ontwikkeling van een publiek private samenwerkina

Further reading...

Popular Science (Dutch) – Quest 05/2017



Scientific literature (English)

Analytical Methods



CRITICAL REVIEW

Cite this: Anal. Methods, 2015, 7, 9401

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Point-and-shoot: rapid quantitative detection methods for on-site food fraud analysis – moving out of the laboratory and into the food supply chain



David I. Ellis,*^a Howbeer Muhamadali,^a Simon A. Haughey,^b Christopher T. Elliott^b and Royston Goodacre^a

Thank you! – Q & A - Credits

Chicken fillet case:



Consumer spectroscopics:



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